

# Behind the scenes of building a climate model

## The Art of Tuning and Coupling

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# Outline



**Timeline of building CESM2**



**The art of tuning**



**Tales of coupling**



# Timeline of building CESM2

# CESM2: Development of the individual components

## Phase I: “Let’s build the components” (5 years)

- For CESM2: effort started around 2010
- Individual components were built within each working group

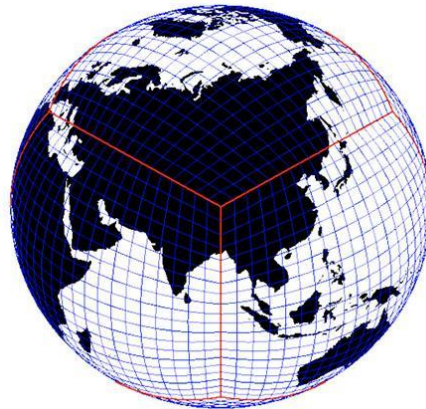
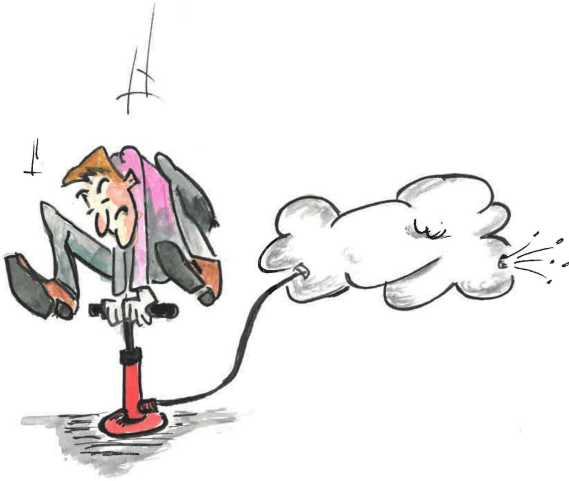


# CESM2: Development of the individual components

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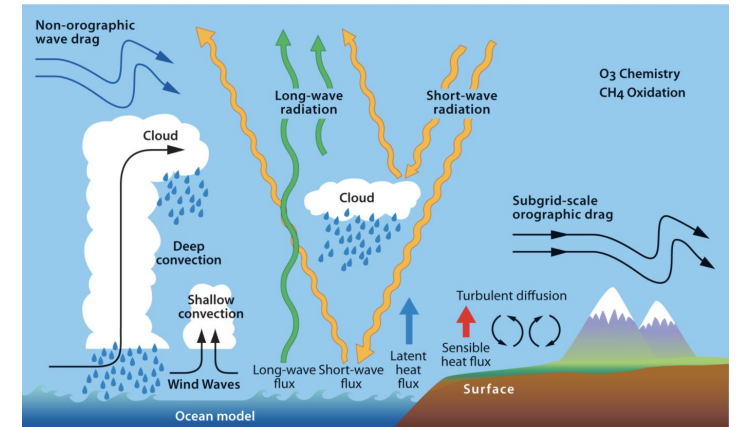
During the building phase, working groups focus on aspects of their model they want to improve

Atmosphere  
CAM

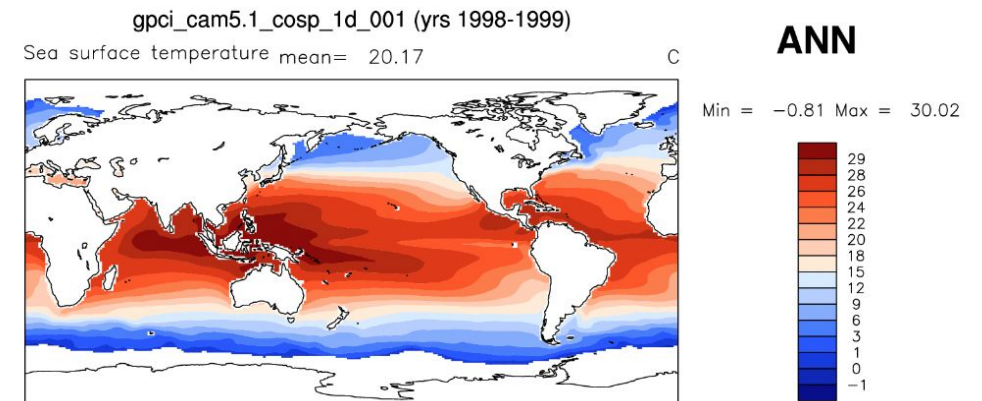


Dynamical core, resolution

Many uncoupled  
simulations + analysis



Physical parameterizations



# CESM2: Coupling of the individual components

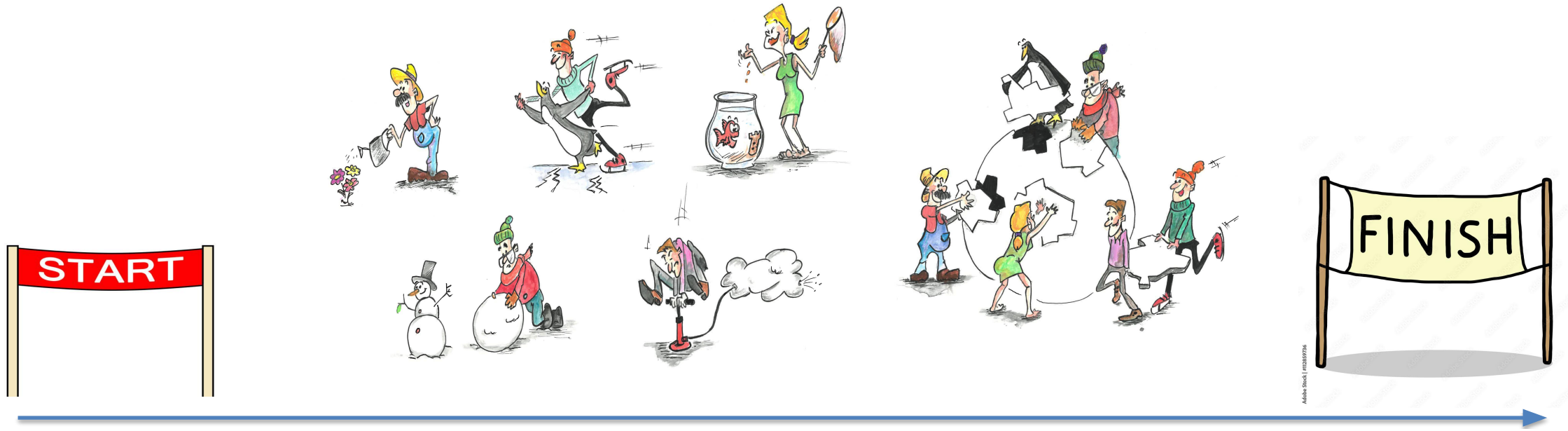
## Phase 2: “Let’s put it together” (3 years)

- Collaborative effort started in Nov 2015
- Many meetings with “everybody”  
(all working group co-chair/liasons)
- 300 configurations
- Thousands of simulated years  
and diagnostics

**CESM2 Release: June 2018**



# Building CESM2 Timeline



2010

2018

**Along the way:  
Tuning and Coupling**



# The Art of Tuning



# Model tuning

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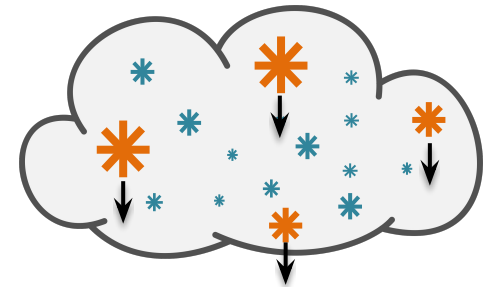


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**Dcs** = threshold diameter \*



# Model tuning

**Dcs = Threshold diameter to convert cloud ice particles to snow**

**Smaller Dcs**



**Less cloud ice**

**Larger Dcs**



**More cloud ice**

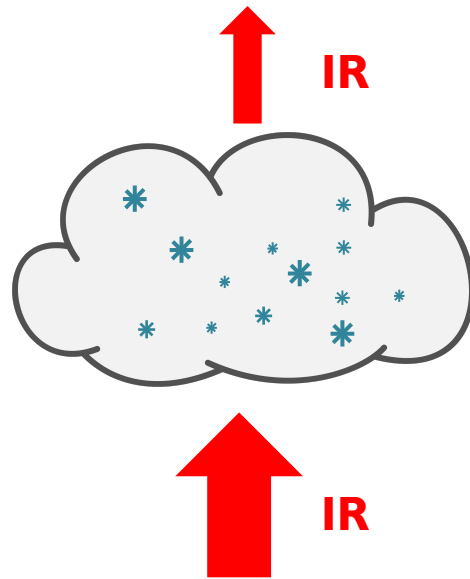
**What is the impact on climate ?**



# Model tuning

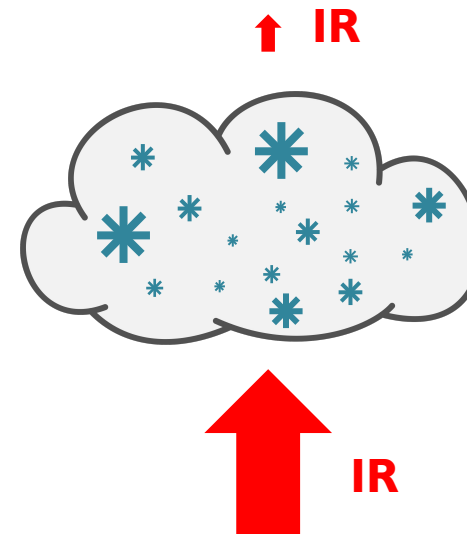
**Dcs = Threshold diameter to convert cloud ice particles to snow**

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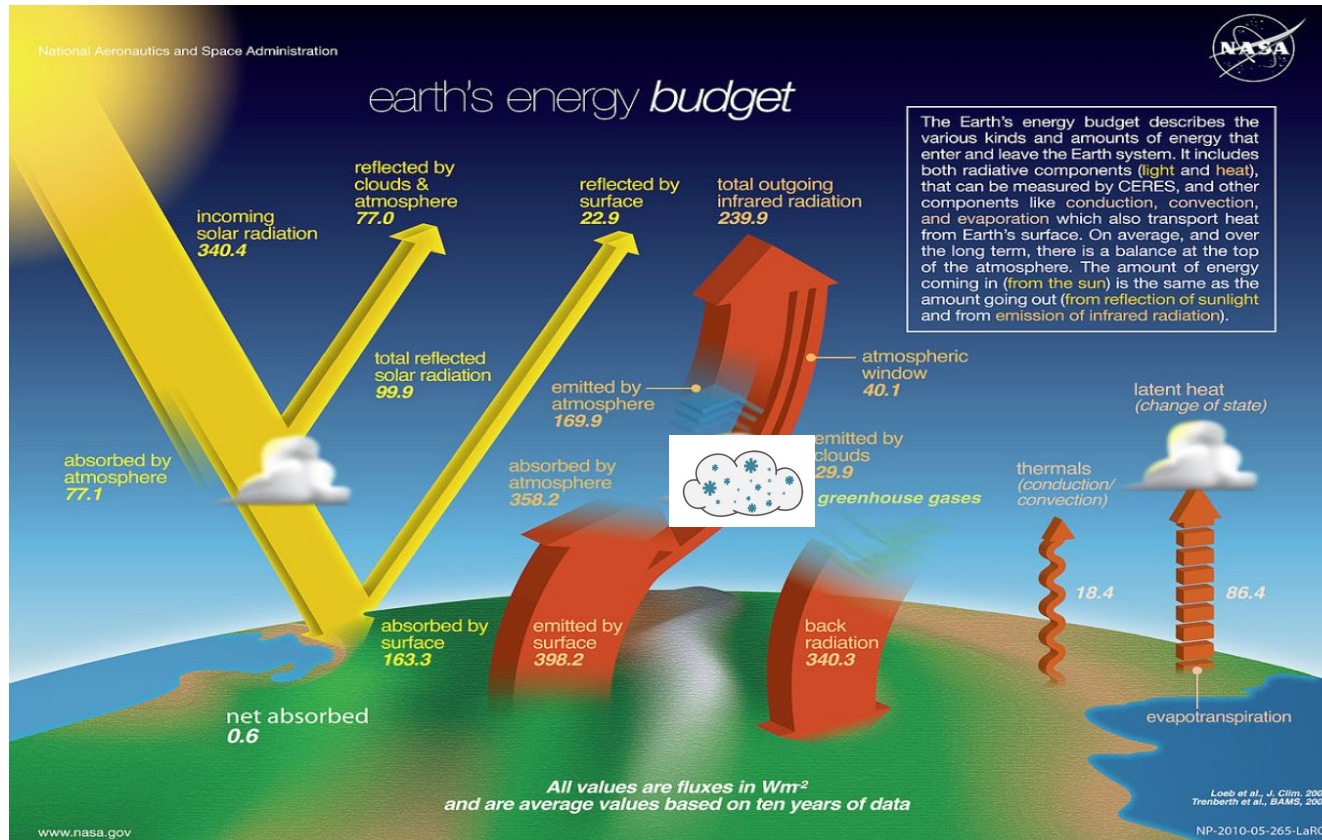


**More cloud ice**

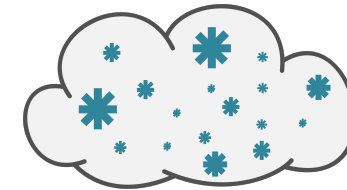
**More cloud ice => less infrared radiation (IR) go to space**

# Model tuning

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Adjust Dcs

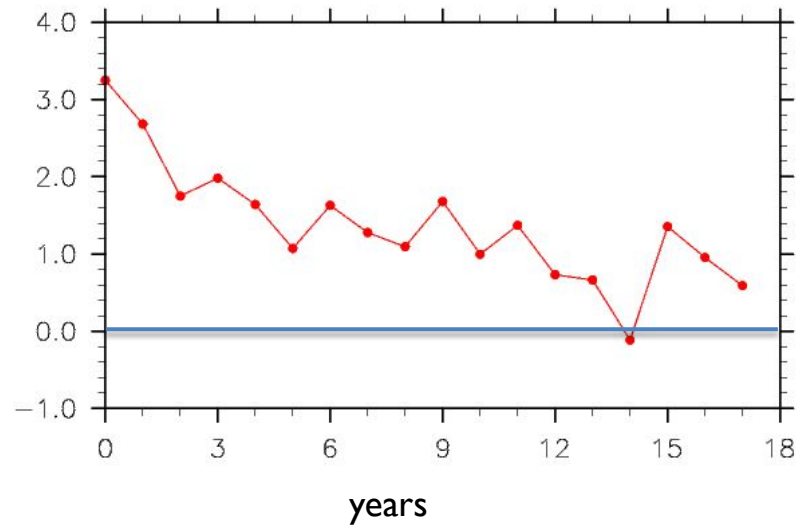


Top of atmosphere radiative balance should be near zero

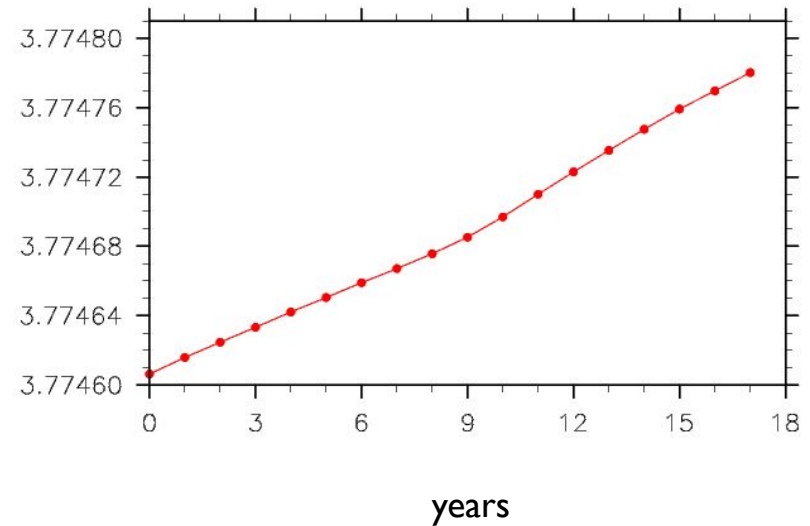
# Model tuning

Why is it so important to tune atmosphere radiative balance ?

**Radiative balance**



**T ocean**



**If the atmosphere radiative balance is positive, the ocean is warming**

# Model tuning

Top of atmosphere radiative balance should be near zero

## Other targets when tuning

- **Cloud forcing**
- **Precipitation**
- **ENSO amplitude**
- **Atlantic Meridional Ocean Circulation (AMOC)**
- **Sea-ice thickness/extent**

# Dilemmas while tuning

- **Subjectivity of tuning targets**

**Tuning involves choices and compromises**

**Overall, tuning has limited effect on model skills**

- **Tuning for pre-industrial  $\Leftrightarrow$  Tuning for present day**

**Pre-industrial: Radiative equilibrium**

**Present day: Available observations**

- **Tuning individual components  $\Leftrightarrow$  Tuning coupled model**

**Tuning individual components is fast**

**But no guarantee that results transfer to coupled model**

- **Tuning exercise is very educative**

**We learn a lot about the model during the tuning phase.**



# The Art of Coupling

# Coupling = Unleashing the Beast

## AMIP run

- Prescribed SSTs
- No drift



## Coupled run

- Fully active ocean
- Coupled bias and feedback



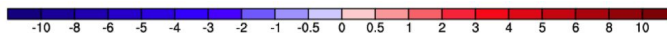
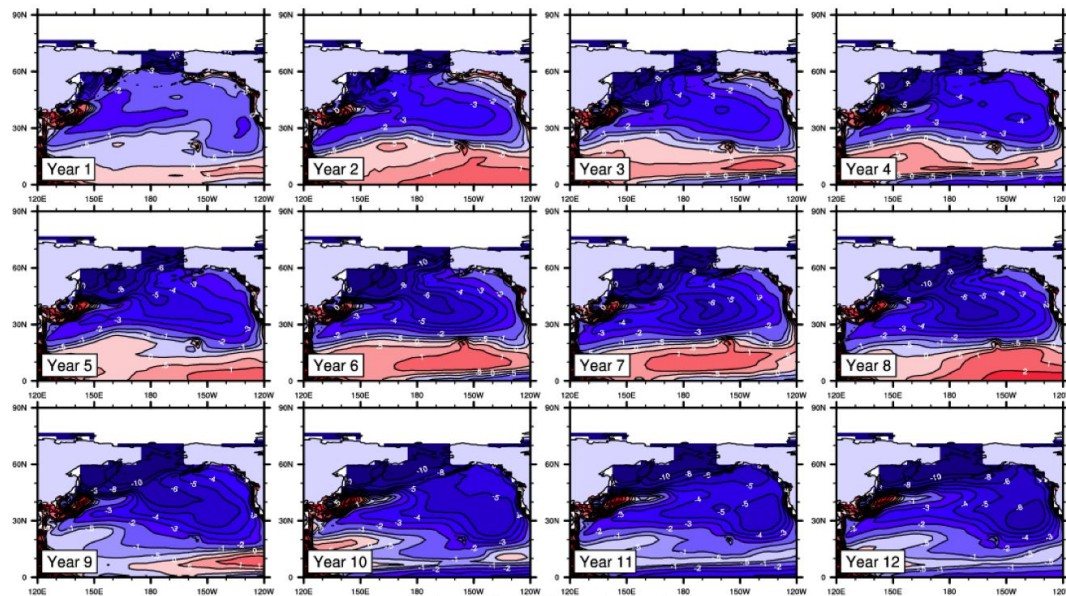
**SSTs = Sea Surface Temperatures**  
**AMIP = type of run when SSTs are prescribed**

# Example of unleashing the beast (I)

## Tuning CAM5 (CESMI development, 2009)

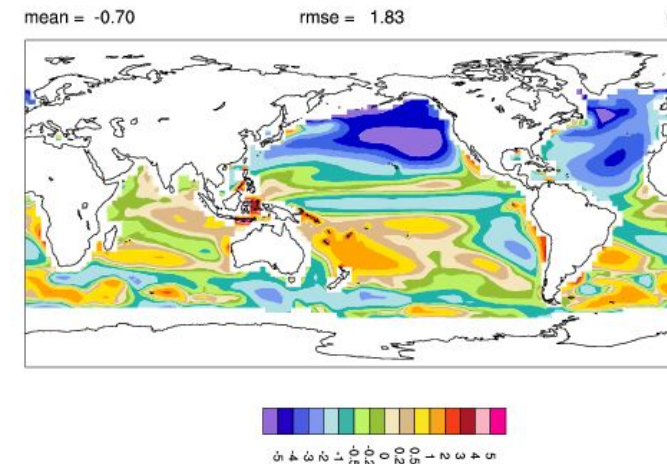
- Tuning was done in **AMIP** mode: looks like “perfect” simulation
- In coupled mode: strong **cooling of the North Pacific** (bias > 5K)

### Evolution of the SST errors (K)



Courtesy Rich Neale

### Mean SST errors (K)



**CAM** = Community Atmospheric Model  
**SST** = Sea Surface Temperature  
**AMIP** = type of run when SST are prescribed

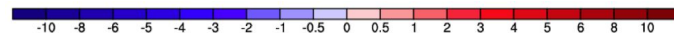
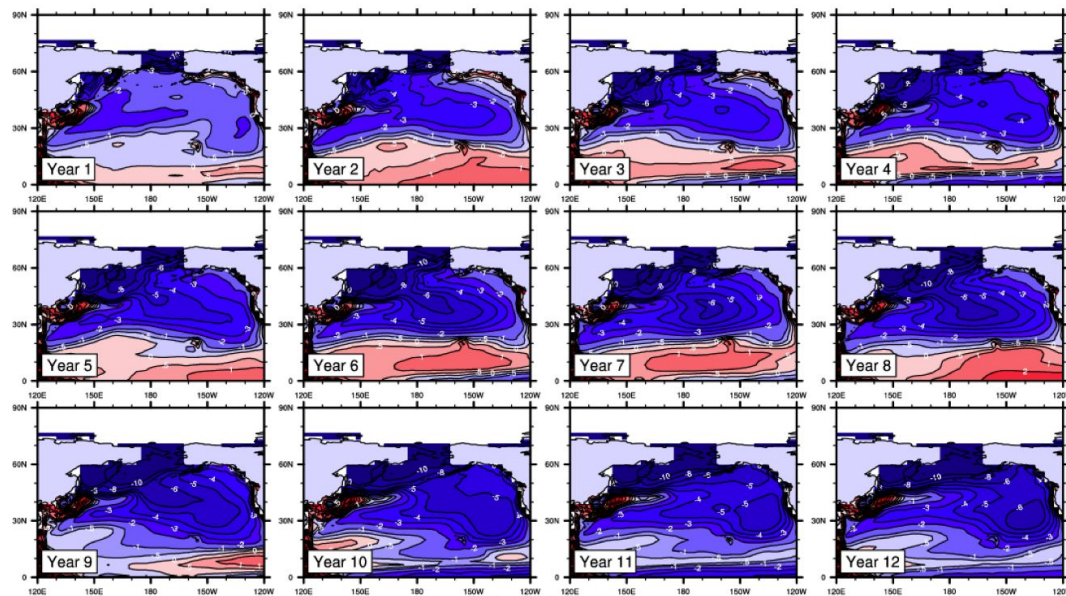


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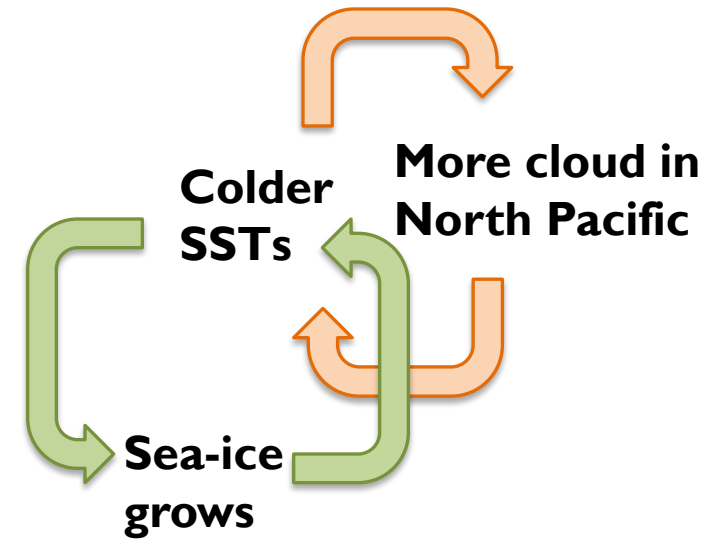
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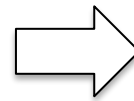
# Example of unleashing the beast (2)

Spectral Element dycore development (CESM1.2, 2013)

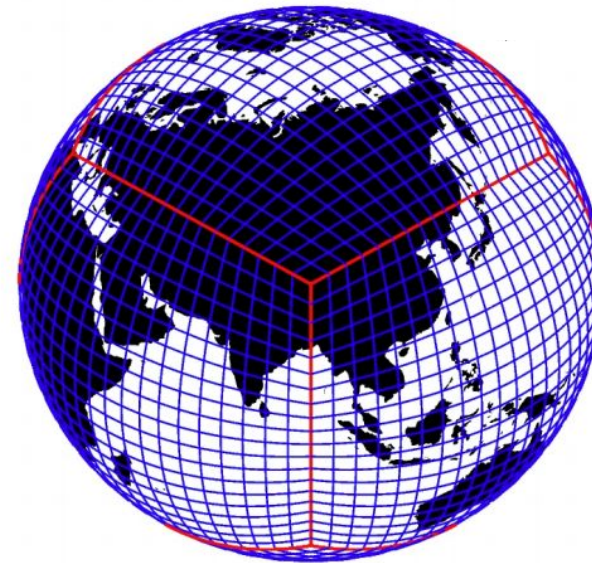
Finite Volume (FV)



Lat-lon



Spectral Element (SE)

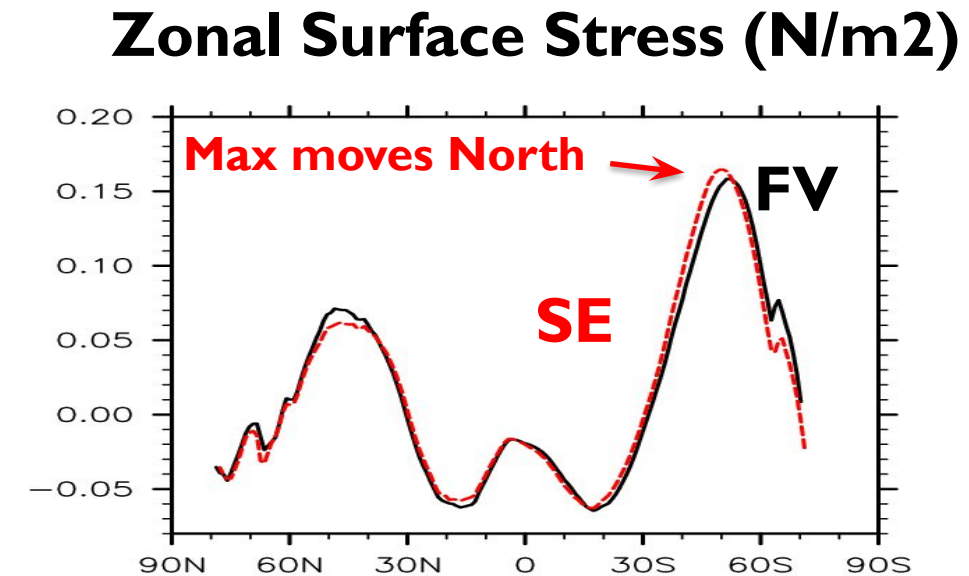
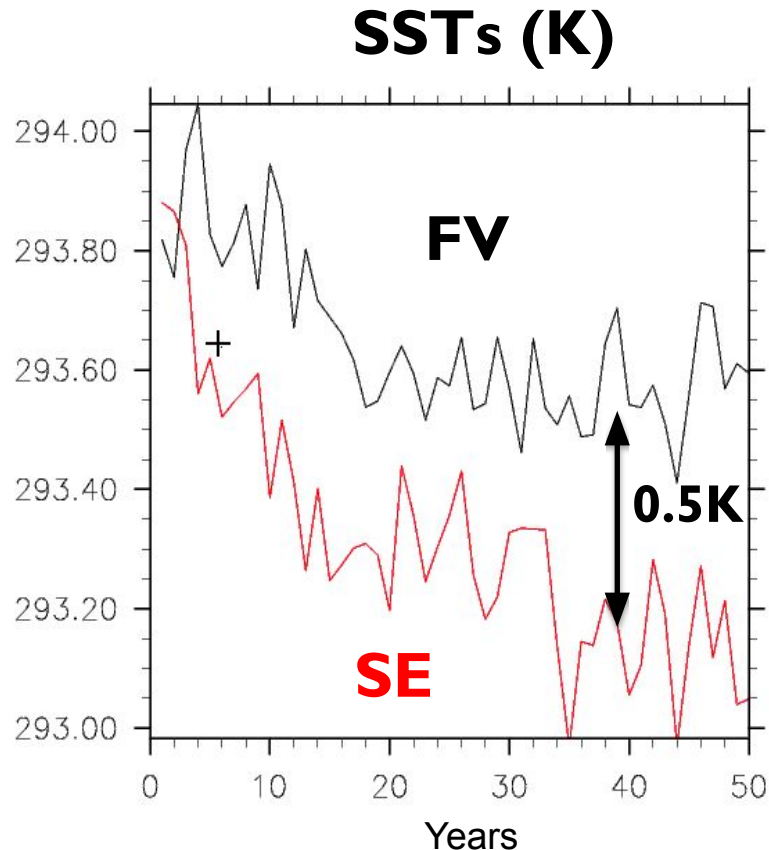


Cubed-sphere

# Example of unleashing the beast (2)

## Spectral Element dycore development (CESM1.2, 2013)

- In CAM standalone: Finite Volume (FV) and Spectral Element (SE) dycores produces very similar simulations.
- In coupled mode: **SSTs stabilize 0.5K colder** with SE dycore



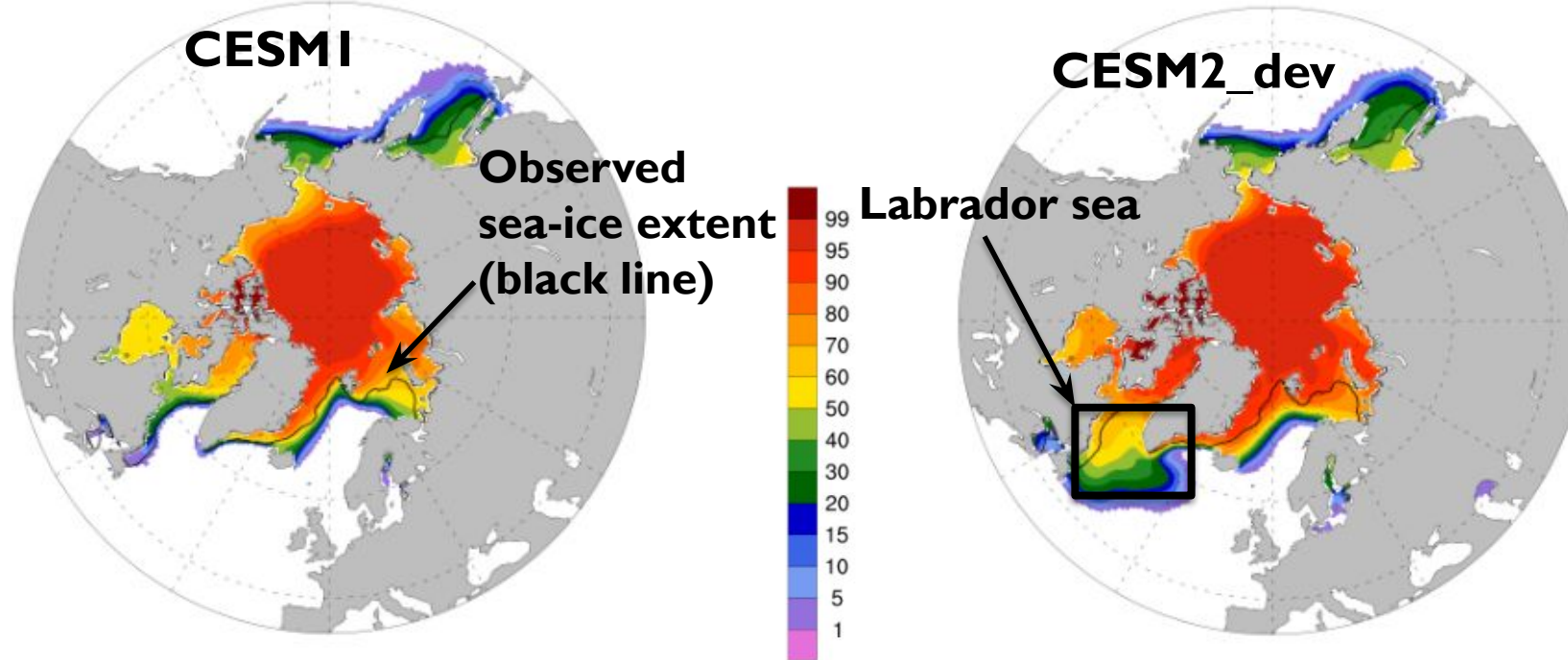
Changes in location of **upwelling zones** associated with **ocean circulation** is responsible of the **SST cooling**

# Example of unleashing the beast (3)

## The Labrador Sea issue (CESM2 development, 2016)

- The Labrador Sea was freezing in CESM2\_dev.

### Sea-ice extent



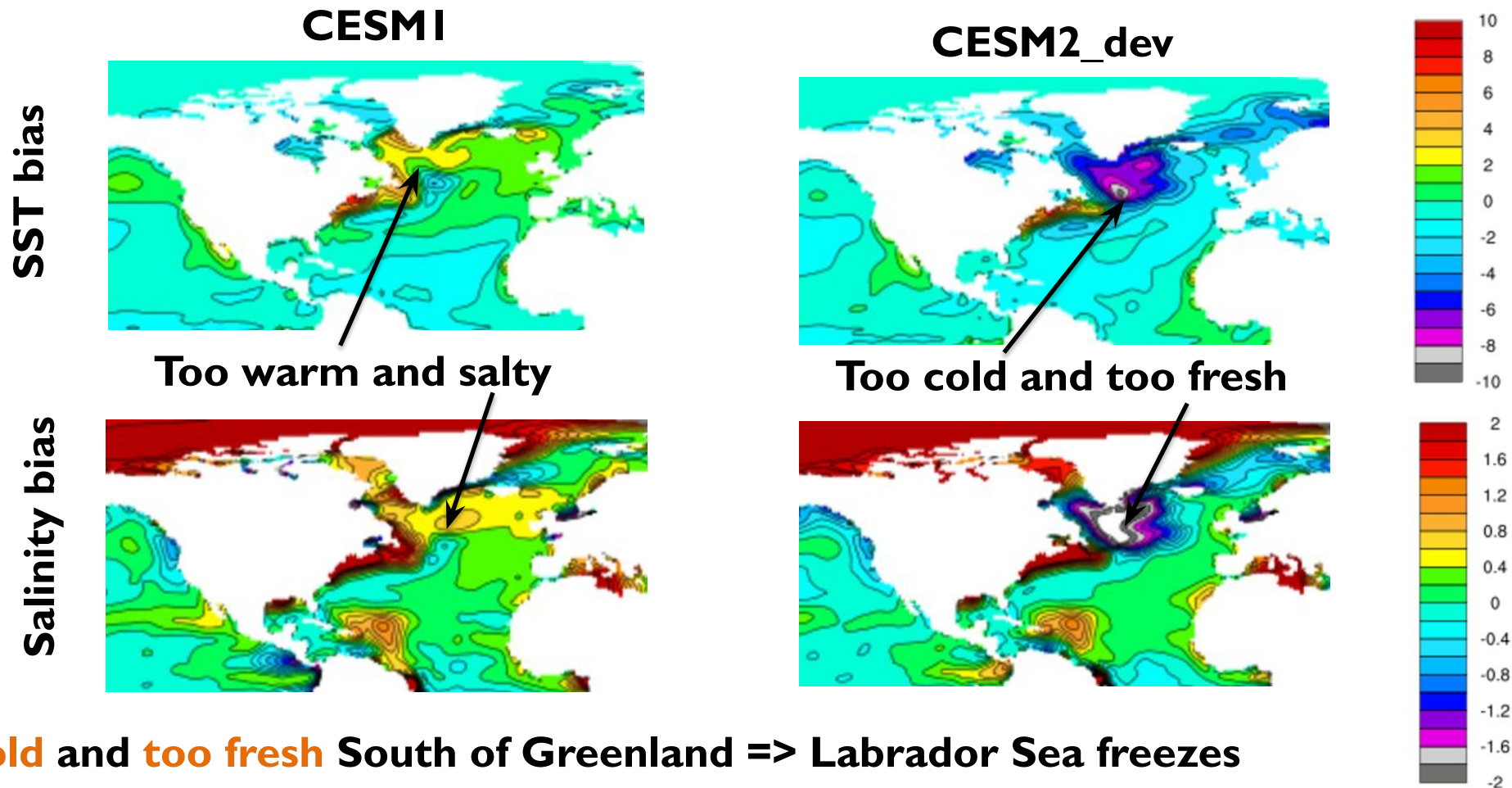
Sea-ice extent is close to obs.  
Labrador sea is ice free

Labrador sea is ice-covered.  
Can happen after 1 yr, 40 yr, 100<sup>+</sup> yr

# Example of unleashing the beast (3)

## The Labrador Sea issue (CESM2 development, 2016)

- Why was Labrador Sea freezing ?



**Too cold and too fresh South of Greenland => Labrador Sea freezes**

# Coupling = Unleashing the Beast



# Summary

Building of CESM happens in two phases (building and coupling components)

Phase 1: Let's build the components



Phase 2: Let's couple the components



START

2010

FINISH

2018

# Summary

## The Art of Tuning

**Tuning = adjusting parameters (“tuning knobs”) to achieve best agreement with observations.**

- **Tuning involves choice and compromise**
- **We learn a lot about the model while tuning**



## The Art of Coupling

**Three examples of coupling challenges**

- **CESM1: cold SST bias in North Pacific with CAM5**
- **CESM1.2: SSTs stabilize 0.5K colder with SE dycore**
- **CESM2: Labrador Sea is ice-covered**





Questions ?

