Development and Evaluation of a High-Resolution Pan-Arctic Ocean-Sea Ice Coupled Model Using MOM6: Insights from Zstar and Hybrid Coordinate System

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## Motivation

#### Outline

Motivation

Model setup

Results

#### Conclusion



Fig. 3. Circulation of the surface water (blue), intermediate Pacific Water (pink/blue), and Atlantic Water (red) of the Arctic Ocean. Carmack et al. 2015 2

## Model setup

- A regional Pan-Arctic MOM6 model.
- 4-5 km horizontal resolution
- 75 vertical levels, zstar, hybrid
- ERA5 hourly atmospheric forcing.
- GLORYS ocean reanalysis lateral open boundary conditions.
- GLOFAS daily river forcing.
- ▶ 1996-2017 simulation length.





## Model setup

- GM and thickness diffusion is off.
- Initial conditions are from GLORYS reanalyses. No SSS relaxation.
- Flather, radiation boundary conditions.
- Tested both Laplacian and Biharmonic Smagorinsky with coeff. of 2 and 0.06, respectively.
- EPBL vertical mixing scheme (Kd\_bck=1e-5).
- Climatological chl based SW scheme.



## Daily snapshot of vorticity and SST

Laplacian Smagorinsky





10°W

°C

14

- 12

10

8

6

4

2

0

## Daily snapshot of vorticity and SST

Biharmonic Smagorinsky







## Mean circulation and transports

- 0.30

0.25

0.20

0.15

0.10

0.05

0.00







## EKE in the Nordic Seas





## Mean SST and bias from WOA18

ZSTAR





# Mean SST and bias from WOA18





#### Sea ice extent and area





#### Eurasia Basin temperature



where the bathymetry is deeper than 500 meter

ITU/EIES

## Eurasia Basin salinity





#### Canada Basin temperature



ITU/EIES

## Canada Basin salinity



\* zstar coordinate o Hybrid coordinate





## Net Volume Transports

[Sv]	<b>Observations</b> (Smedsrud et al. 2013)	MOM6 zstar
Bering	$0.8 \pm 0.2$	0.98
Barents	2-2.3	2.5
Fram	$-2.0 \pm 2.7$	-0.3
Davis	$-2.6 \pm 1.0$ to $-1.6 \pm 0.2$	-3.1



## Net Heat Transports



\* zstar coordinate o Hybrid coordinate



#### Fresh Water Content (FWC)





TTU/EIES

Eurasia Institute Earth Sciences







## Hybrid coordinate at AW section

 The Atlantic Water (AW) temperature section (purple line in the bottom left figure) shows that hybrid coordinate turns to geopotential in the Arctic interior.





#### Eurasia Basin

- **Red** is the WOA climatology.
- Blue line is the 1st year of the hybrid simulation.
- Orange line is the last year year of the hybrid simulation.





## Testing different target densities/dz

• I have tested 2 more cases;

TU/EIES

- 75 sigma0 layers with default dz (blue on the left panel, orange on the right panel)
- 75 default sigma2 layers with 1.025 inflation factor dz (orange on the left panel and blue on the right panel).



22

## Different hybrid coordinate tests



250 500 750 1000 1250 1500 1750



## Different hybrid coordinate tests



250 500 750 1000 1250 1500 1750



## Conclusion

- A regional MOM6 PanArctic domain has been developed.
- Recent years, sea ice decline has been captured.
- Volume Transports at the Arctic gates are within observational estimates.
- Time evolutio of the fresh water content is similar to the reanalyis dataset.
- Different vertical coordinates have been tested to decrease heat uptake in the deep basin of the Arctic Ocean.



#### Mean temperature and bias at 250m



Second truthere continents in the second sec

zstar

#### Mean temperature and bias at 250m



